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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/588,390	08/04/2006	Shahram Mihan	LU 6161 (US)	8381
34872 Basell USA Inc	7590 07/18/200	EXAMINER		
Delaware Corporate Center II			NGUYEN, COLETTE B	
	Lighter Parkway, Suite #300 Imington, DE 19803		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			4162	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/18/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/588,390	MIHAN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	COLETTE NGUYEN	4162			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	Lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 Ag 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-42 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-42 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access	vn from consideration. relection requirement. r.	≣xaminer.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the orection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expression 11).	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 60/556272. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 03/05/07.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

2. Claim 13 recites the limitation "the support particles" in "the process for the preparing the support for catalysts as claimed in claim 1, wherein ≤ 5% by volume, of the support particles obtained...". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For the purpose of examining, "the support particles" will be interpreted as the hydrogel itself.

Double Patenting

3. Applicant is advised that should claim1 be found allowable, claim 18 will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- 2. <u>Claims 1-42</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Denton et al. (6,329,315). Denton teaches a method of making agglomerated supports, especially olefin polymerization catalyst supports with a median particle size in the range of 0.05 to about 3 microns. The process is a hydrogel process with milling step, slurry mixing and spray drying (Col.8). Denton's teaching encompasses the process steps of the claims (Col.8, 9).
- 3. Regarding claims 1, 15, 18. Denton teaches Silica hydrogel process for a support catalyst used in olefin polymerization, with either dry milling or optionally wet milling before spray drying. The goal of the milling procedure is to provide the inorganic oxides the optimum distribution span of the particles sizes, typically from 0.5 to about 3.0 microns, preferably from about 4 to 7 microns (Col 9. line 62-67). The process steps and the support catalysts size range overlap the claims therefore anticipated by Denton.
- Regarding claims 2, 4 and 22. Denton teaches "the most preferred supports contain at least 95% by weight, silica gel, based on the weight of the catalyst support (Col. 6, line 32). He further teaches that "the average particle size of the powder be located toward the low end of the 3-10 micron range....By controlling the average particle size in this fashion, one increases the probability that the compressive forces exerted on the constituent particles during spray drying will be high enough to cause

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them to adhere." (col. 10, line 45-53). He does not use "by volume", however he does encompass the claims by using "by weight" instead.

- 5. Regarding claims 3, 20, 21. Denton teaches a 15-25% by weight of the particles are oxides (Col.11, line5) with further limiting to 10-20% (Claim14). The claims range is 0-25% by weight with further limiting to 9-12%. The ranges overlap therefore anticipated.
- Regarding claims 5 and 23. Denton teaches a distribution span to the particles in the slurry to be spray dried from 0.5 to about 3.0 and preferably from about 0.5 to about 2.0 microns. The teaching encompasses the claims of 0-2.8 microns (Col 9, line 67,Col.10,line1).
- 7. Regarding claims 6 and 24. Denton teaches inorganic hydroxides, oxides and/or salts such as SiO₂, Al₂O₃, MgO, AlPO₄, TiO₂, ZrO₂, Cr₂O₃, and mixture thereof (Col6,line4). Same as the instant claims.
- 8. Regarding claims 7, 25, 26. Since the claims can have a zero percent of the oxides. These claims are not considered. Furthermore, Denton does mention that "if the inorganic oxides are not susceptible to gel formation, the free oxide can be mixed from other conventional techniques such as precipitation, or just admixing directly for the milling procedure after washing. (Col 8, line 28)
- 9. Regarding claims 8 and 27. As an option of wet milling, Denton teaches to use 4-40% by weight of the solid of Al₂O₃ or AlPO₄, same aluminum oxides as AlOOH at 1-30% as claimed. Same aluminum oxides and the range overlaps therefore encompassed by Denton's teachings.(Col6,line40-49)

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10. Regarding claims 9, 28 and 29. Denton teaches a support catalyst wherein alkaline earth metals of Group IIA, and VIA can be added in "slight proportions" with the silica hydrogel particles prior to milling. Ca(OH)₂ and Mg(OH)₂ added at 1%-4% are the same as Denton has mentioned in the patent 6,329,315.

- 11. Regarding claims 10 and 30. Denton also teaches "Accordingly, in addition to those powders or particles having catalytic properties, there may be added materials which possess absorbent properties..." (Col9, line 30). Hydroxyl methyl cellulose is a hydrophobic product possessed absorbent properties well known in the art. Denton 's teaching encompasses the claims.
- 12. Regarding claim11, 31, 32, 33. Denton teaches a range of 4-20% of solid contents in the slurry before spray drying. The teaching encompasses the claimed ranges of less than 20%, with further limiting to 8-10%. .(col10, line 17)
- 13. Regarding claim12. Denton also teaches spray drying
- 14. Regarding claims 13 and 34. Denton teaches that " ...the spray dried product is characterized in that typically at least 80, preferably at least 90, and most preferably at least 95 volume % at that fraction of the support agglomerate particle size distribution possesses microspheroidal shape" i.e. 0.5-3.0 microns in this instant. This is the same as the claim "of ≤5% by volume of the support particles obtained after drying have a particle size in the ranger of 0-25 microns (Col.12, line 41).
- 15. Regarding claims 14, 35, 36. Denton teaches a mean particle size of the agglomerates of 20-120 microns. The teaching encompasses the instant claims (Col. 15, line 2).

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16. Regarding claims 16, 37 to 39. Denton teaches a high Silicon content of 15-40% (Col.8,line 50).

- 17. Regarding claim 17 and 40 to 42. Denton teaches a support with at least 80% by weight is the inorganic oxides such as aluminum content as the instant claims (see claim 8).
- 18. Regarding claim 19. Denton teaches the catalyst for olefin polymerization. (Col 19, line 20).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to COLETTE NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)270-5831. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 10:00-4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jennifer Mc Neil can be reached on (571)-272-1540. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/COLETTE NGUYEN/ Examiner, Art Unit 4162

CN July 17, 2008

/Melvin C Mayes/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1791